## Syllabus of the Entrance Examination for Ph.D. (Chemistry) Programme

The syllabus is same as that of CSIR-UGC NET examination and reproduced here. It is also available on <a href="http://www.csirhrdg.res.in/Syllabi\_NET.htm">http://www.csirhrdg.res.in/Syllabi\_NET.htm</a>.

## **Physical Chemistry:**

- 1. Basic principles and applications of quantum mechanics hydrogen atom, angular momentum.
- 2. Variational and perturbational methods.
- 3. Basics of atomic structure, electronic configuration, shapes of orbitals, hydrogen atom spectra.
- 4. Theoretical treatment of atomic structures and chemical bonding.
- 5. Chemical applications of group theory.
- 6. Basic principles and application of spectroscopy rotational, vibrational, electronic, Raman, ESR, NMR.
- 7. Chemical thermodynamics.
- 8. Phase equilibria.
- 9. Statistical thermodynamics.
- 10. Chemical equilibria.
- 11. Electrochemistry Nernst equation, electrode kinetics, electrical double layer, Debye-Hückel theory.
- 12. Chemical kinetics empirical rate laws, Arrhenius equation, theories of reaction rates, determination of reaction mechanisms, experimental techniques for fast reactions.
- 13. Concepts of catalysis.
- 14. Polymer chemistry. Molecular weights and their determinations. Kinetics of chain polymerization.
- 15. Solids structural classification of binary and ternary compounds, diffraction techniques, bonding, thermal, electrical and magnetic properties
- 16. Collids and surface phenomena.
- 17. Data analysis.

## **Inorganic Chemistry**

- 1. Chemical periodicity
- 2. Structure and bonding in homo- and heteronuclear molecules, including shapes of molecules.
- 3. Concepts of acids and bases.
- 4. Chemistry of the main group elements and their compounds. Allotropy, synthesis, bonding and structure.
- 5. Chemistry of transition elements and coordination compounds bonding theories, spectral and magnetic properties, reaction mechanisms.
- 6. Inner transition elements spectral and magnetic properties, analytical applications.
- 7. Organometallic compounds synthesis, bonding and structure, and reactivity. Organometallics in homogenous catalysis.
- 8. Cages and metal clusters.
- 9. Analytical chemistry- separation techniques. Spectroscopic electro- and thermoanalytical methods.

- 10. Bioinorganic chemistry photosystems, porphyrines, metalloenzymes, oxygen transport, electron- transfer reactions, nitrogen fixation.
- 11. Physical characterisation of inorganic compounds by IR, Raman, NMR, EPR, Mössbauer, UV-, NQR, MS, electron spectroscopy and microscopic techniques.
- 12. Nuclear chemistry nuclear reactions, fission and fusion, radio-analytical techniques and activation analysis.

## **Organic Chemistry**

- 1. IUPAC nomenclature of organic compounds.
- 2. Principles of stereochemistry, conformational analysis, isomerism and chirality.
- 3. Reactive intermediates and organic reaction mechanisms.
- 4. Concepts of aromaticity.
- 5. Pericyclic reactions.
- 6. Named reactions.
- 7. Transformations and rearrangements.
- 8. Principles and applications of organic photochemistry. Free radical reactions.
- 9. Reactions involving nucleophotic carbon intermediates.
- 10. Oxidation and reduction of functional groups.
- 11. Common reagents (organic, inorganic and organometallic) in organic synthesis.
- 12. Chemistry of natural products such as steroids, alkaloids, terpenes, peptides, carbohydrates, nucleic acids and lipids.
- 13. Selective organic transformations chemoselectivity, regioselectivity, stereoselectivity, enantioselectivity. Protecting groups.
- 14. Chemistry of aromatic and aliphatic heterocyclic compounds.
- 15. Physical characterisation of organic compounds by IR, UV-, MS, and NMR.

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